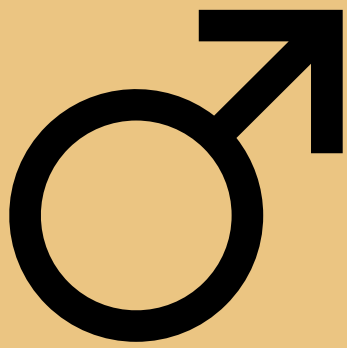
Men & Boys

Our Diverse Communities

49% of the population in the City of Banyule identify as men or boys



On average, men and boys have a shorter life expectancy than women and girls, and die more often from preventable disease

Older men experience the highest rates of coronary heart disease in the community

Younger men have high levels of poor mental health and deaths from risk taking behaviour

Men in Banyule would benefit from health promotion initiatives to reduce smoking, obesity and physical inactivity

Banyule City Council

Men often engage healthcare services towards the advanced stages of illness, and there appears to be a stigma to seeking support.

The data from this report has been sourced from ABS Census data, Profile id's Living in Place Survey, Household Survey and Council's annual Community Satisfaction Survey, https://www.banyule.vic.gov.au/About-us, Women's Health Atlas victorianwomenshealthatlas.net.au and Crime Statistics Agency)